WISCONSIN INTERAGENCY KARST FEATURE REPORTING FORM 2000-1

This form is used to report the locations of "karst" features such as caves, sinkholes, enlarged fractures, disappearing streams or other surface drainage, and springs. Old/abandoned mine shafts are also included.

Please mail or FAX completed form to: Karst Information File WISCONSIN GEOLOGICAL & NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY		WGNHS use only: Form Received Date: Database Entry Date:	
3817 MINERAL POINT RD MADISON WI 53705-5100 fax: (608) 262-8086 phone: (608) 262-1705			
Country T	(circle one)	Gov f 1/2 of Sec. Lot:	
Element Addresse	IN IVLOI VV/4 OI	174 01 Sec Lot	
Fire #/ Street Address:		Landscape Area (✓ all that apply)	
City/Town/Village:	Zip Code:	∐ rural ∐ industrial	
Topographic Quad/Map Name:_		□ other (describe)	
Poportor Namo (Last First)		Papartar Dhona	
Reporter Maine (Last, 1150).		Reporter Finale	
Employer/Occupation:		Reporter Email:	
Field Observation Date: Reporting Date:			
Property Owner Name:			
Property Owner Address:		Owner Phone:	
Feature Arrangement <u>(✓ all that apply)</u> □ isolated features □ cluster of features total # of features =	Feature Type (✓ all that apply ☐ sinkhole ☐ enlarged fracture ☐ cave ☐ spring ☐ mine ☐ other (describe)	 <u>Concern (✓ all that apply)</u> soil loss/erosion water quality collapse/safety endangered species flooding other (describe) 	
Karst Classification* (enter one from list on back of this form):			
Shape (✓ one) Size (enter a) □ circular length: □ elongate width: □ linear depth: □ other (describe) diameter:	11 that apply & circle unit)	Feature orientation <i>(compass)</i> : Is feature open? □Y □N Is feature filled? □Y □N fill material:	
Evidence of surface drainage into Feature may receive polluted drai	feature? □Y □N <u>]</u> nage? □Y □N [Drainage Area Size in Acres (\checkmark one) $\Box < 1$ $\Box 1 - 10$ $\Box > 10$	
Nearby Land Use & Estimated Di high capacity well – municipals high capacity well – agricultura high capacity well – industrial: high capacity well – other: gasoline service station: animal waste lagoon: sanitary plant lagoon: storm water detention pond: chemical storage:	istance (✓ all that apply, then enter 	er distance & measurement unit)	

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<u>Feature mapped as (✓ one)</u> □ point □ line □ area	X-coordinate (e.g., Long., Easting)	Y-coordinates (e.g., Lat., Northing)		
Referencing System:				
Datum (or Spheroid for Lat/Long): (e.g., datums = NAD91, NAD27; spheroids = WGS84, GRS80)	(see note	e* below)		
 Attach another sheet or a diskette with an ASCII file of coordinates or ArcView shapefile, if more than four x-y coordinates are collected for the karst feature(s) described on this form. 				
Comments:				

Feature Drawing: Plan view sketch should include: nearby landmarks (e.g., roads, fences, buildings), approximate scale, north arrow, cross-section (if appropriate). Attach photos or other reference maps as needed.

Karst Classification List:

Sinkhole: a topographic depression (unless filled) in which bedrock is dissolved or collapsed. Sinkholes may be open, covered, buried, or partially filled with soil, field stones, vegetation, weathered bedrock, water or other micellaneous debris. Sinkholes are usually circular, funnel-shaped, or elongated. Sinkhole dimensions vary by region. Wisconsin sinkholes generally range between 20 to 30 feet in diameter and 4 to 10 feet deep, although some can be wider and/or deeper. Enlarged Fracture: solution enlarged or widened bedrock fracture that usually narrows with depth. Pavement: extensive bare areas of exposed bedrock surfaces with many enlarged fractures or sinkhole features. Fracture Trace: linear feature, including stream segment, vegetative trend and soil tonal alignment. **Spring/Seep:** intermittent or permanent seepage of water from ground surface or bedrock outcrop or karst area. **Cave:** natural cavity, large enough to be entered, which is connected to subsurface passages in bedrock. Karst Pond: closed depression in a karst area containing standing water. **Swallet:** a place where surface or storm water drainage disappears underground. Karst Fen: marsh formed by plants overgrowing a karst lake or seepage area. Mine Feature: a man-made shaft, tunnel, cave, hole, or other feature created for mining purposes.